Name:	 Date:	P	Period:	

## Algebra 1B Discovery Activity on Completing the Square

I) Using algebra tiles complete the following sets of tables. If it is not possible to complete the square using algebra tiles for any of these, write "not possible" in the second column.

### Set A

Expression	Number of 1-tiles needed to	Expression written as a square
	complete the square	
$x^2 + 2x + 2$		
$x^2 + 4x + 2$		
$x^2 + 6x + 2$		
$x^2 + 8x + 2$		
$x^2 + 10x + \underline{?}$		
$x^2 + 12x + \underline{?}$		

### Set B

Expression	Number of 1-tiles needed to	Expression written as a square
	complete the square	
$x^2 - 2x + 2$		
$x^2 - 4x + 2$		
$x^2 - 6x + 2$		
$x^2 - 8x + 2$		
$x^2 - 10x + 2$		
$x^2 - 12x + 2$		

#### Set C

Expression	Number of 1-tiles needed to	Expression written as a square
	complete the square	
$x^2 + 5x + 2$		
$x^2 - 5x + 2$		

### Set D

Expression	Number of 1-tiles needed to	Expression written as a square
	complete the square	
$-x^2 + 2x + \underline{?}$		
$-x^2 - 4x + ?$		

#### Set E

Expression	Number of 1-tiles needed to	Expression written as a square
	complete the square	
$2x^2 + 6x + ?$		
$3x^2 - 10x + ?$		

## **II**) Now use the information above to complete the following table:

Set name	Possible or not possible to	What do the expressions	If not possible, why was it
	turn into squares? (Circle	in the set have in	not possible?
	your answer.)	common?	
Set A	Possible Not possible		

Set name	Possible or not possible to	What do the expressions	If not possible, why was it
	turn into squares? (Circle	in the set have in	not possible?
	your answer.)	common?	
Set B	Possible Not possible		
Set C	Possible Not possible		
Set D	Possible Not possible		
Set E	Possible Not possible		

# III) For the sets that were possible, look for patterns in the last column of your tables, and answer the following questions.

1) Are the 1-tiles that you used to complete the squares positive, negative, or both? Why is that?

2) Consider the general statement  $x^2 + bx + c = (x + d)^2$ a) How is *d* related to *b* in each case?

b) How is *c* related to *b* in each case?

c) How can you obtain the numbers in the second column of the table directly from the coefficients of x in the expressions from the first column?

# **IV**) Now, use the shortcuts that you found in part III to find the value of *c* and *d* in the following expressions:

